Financial Statements as at and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 and Independent Auditor's Report

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (In Canadian Dollars)

GENERAL

Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A"), dated March 31, 2023, should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021. Management is responsible for the reliability and timeliness of the information disclosed in the MD&A.

BUSINESS OF THE TRUST

CNH Capital Canada Wholesale Trust (the "Trust") was established by Computershare Trust Company of Canada by a Declaration of Trust dated April 30, 2004. On October 16, 2019, Canadian Western Trust Company (the "Issuer Trustee") succeeded to Computershare Trust Company of Canada as issuer trustee of the Trust. The indenture trustee pursuant to the master trust indenture dated July 1, 2004, as supplemented from time to time, is Computershare Trust Company of Canada), with its principal office located at 100 University Avenue, 8th Floor, Toronto, Ontario, M5J 2Y1.

The Trust's activities are limited to the securing and administration of wholesale finance receivables originated by CNH Industrial Capital Canada Ltd. ("CNH Industrial Capital Canada", "Administrator", "Servicer" or "Seller") to finance the sale of goods to dealers and distributors of CNH Industrial Canada Ltd. ("CNH Industrial Canada"). The Trust issues asset-backed notes ("Notes") in Series ("Series") with varying terms to finance the acquisition of the receivables and uses collections on the receivables to pay its obligations.

Pursuant to the Administration Agreement between the Issuer Trustee and the Administrator, and the Sale and Servicing Agreement between the Issuer Trustee and the Servicer, CNH Industrial Capital Canada carries out certain administrative and management activities for and on behalf of the Trust, including the administration, servicing, and collection of the receivables. The Trust pays a nominal fee to CNH Industrial Capital Canada for the performance of the activities and fulfillment of its responsibilities under the Administration Agreement. No fee is payable by the Trust to CNH Industrial Capital Canada for the servicing activities since the receivables are sold to the Trust on a fully-serviced basis. The Trust has no employees.

The Trust benefits from Series-specific enhancements in the form of the Due to Seller and amounts deposited in a cash reserve account. The Due to Seller ("Due to Seller") represents the overcollateralization amounts funded by CNH Industrial Capital Canada. These amounts are the amounts by which the aggregate principal balance of the receivables, plus the balance of any restricted cash provided by CNH Industrial Capital Canada as a credit enhancement, exceeds the aggregate principal balance of the Notes. These interests are subordinated to the Notes issued by the Trust. Also included in Due to Seller is the excess spread due to CNH Industrial Capital Canada, which represents the monthly excess of all principal and interest collections on the receivables after the Trust's payment obligations are satisfied.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The Trust's ownership interest in receivables increased by \$206,939,637, from \$673,297,991 at December 31, 2021 to \$880,237,628 at December 31, 2022. The Trust acquired an ownership interest in receivables of \$2,843,223,346 and \$2,469,742,978, respectively, for the years ending December 31, 2022 and 2021, and principal collections were \$2,636,283,709 and \$2,473,712,969, respectively.

The Trust has no income other than scheduled interest income derived from the ownership interest in receivables and investment earnings from the restricted cash and cash equivalents. Interest income for the year ended December 31, 2022, totaled \$37,888,062 compared to \$32,506,452 for the year ended December 31, 2021.

In connection with the Notes and Due to Seller for the year ended December 31, 2022, the Trust incurred interest expense of \$37,880,862 compared to \$32,499,252 for the year ended December 31, 2021.

There were no credit losses incurred for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (In Canadian Dollars)

SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS

The following is a summary of the Trust's unaudited quarterly financial information for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021:

			2022		
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Total
Interest income	\$ 6,484,437	\$ 9,347,766	\$ 9,320,587	\$ 12,735,272	\$ 37,888,062
			2021		
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Total
Interest income	\$ 8,774,577	\$ 9,182,981	\$ 7,703,672	\$ 6,845,222	\$ 32,506,452

TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Trust's interest expense paid to CNH Industrial Capital Canada was \$27,052,040 and \$27,336,588, respectively, and the other expenses paid to CNH Industrial Capital Canada amounted to \$6,000 and \$6,000, respectively. The transactions are in the normal course of operations and are measured at the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

As at December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Due to Seller was \$506,554,118 and \$349,069,494, respectively.

ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standard Board requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities as at the date of the financial statements, and revenues and expenses for the years reported. The key areas of estimation include the fair value of the ownership interest in receivables on acquisition and the estimation of credit losses on the ownership interest in receivables. At period end, the fair value of the Trust's ownership interest in receivables approximates its fair value due to its short-term nature and floating interest rate. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

RISK MANAGEMENT AND FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Trust is exposed to the following risks as a result of holding financial instruments: market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Trust's risk management policies are established by CNH Industrial Capital Canada and are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Trust's activities.

Market Risk

Market risk is the possibility that changes in interest rates and foreign exchange rates will adversely affect the Trust's cash flow and/or fair value of the Trust's financial instruments.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (In Canadian Dollars)

Interest rate risk refers to the risk that the fair value or income and future cash flows of a financial instrument will vary as a result of changes in market interest rates. Both the ownership interest in receivables and the Notes are impacted by floating interest rates. Interest rate risk can arise because the pricing bases are not identical and the spread over prime charged to customers is not fixed. Therefore, the differential between the rate earned on the Trust's ownership interest in receivables and paid on the debt can vary. CNH Industrial Capital Canada has the ability to raise rates on the underlying receivables so that CNH Industrial Capital Canada can offset any adverse increase in debt costs with an increase in the underlying receivables' income. However, if CNH Industrial Capital Canada chooses to allow net interest margin to narrow, a 1% increase or decrease applied to the Trust's ownership interest in receivables as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, with no change in the debt rate, would increase or decrease interest income by \$8,802,376 and \$6,732,980, respectively. A 1% increase or decrease in the rate on the Notes outstanding as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, with no change in interest rate of the ownership interest in receivables, would increase or decrease interest expense by \$4,000,000 and \$3,440,000, respectively.

CNH Industrial Capital Canada is required to maintain dealer interest rates at a level such that the amount paid by dealers and CNH Industrial Canada Ltd. equals or exceeds the rate of interest payable to investors of the Notes.

The Trust is not exposed to losses from foreign exchange rates as all of the Trust's transactions were denominated in Canadian dollars.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the possibility of loss resulting from failure by a customer or counterparty to make payments according to contractual terms.

The Trust's ownership interest in receivables results in significant concentrations of credit risk in the agricultural and construction industries in Canada. Numerous factors can affect the future performance of the Trust. These factors include the general level of activity in the agricultural and construction industries, the rate of North American agricultural production and demand, weather conditions, commodity prices, consumer confidence, government subsidies for the agricultural sector and prevailing levels of construction (especially housing starts).

The Trust manages the foregoing risks through amounts deposited in a cash reserve account and the Due to Seller, which provide the Trust with overcollateralization designed to minimize these credit risks.

As at December 31, 2022, the Trust's ownership interest in receivables by product line and by industry was as follows:

Product Line	Agriculture	Construction	Total Portfolio
Dealer floorplan	\$ 742,331,897	\$ 67,643,976	\$ 809,975,873
Parts	42,990,332	3,866,106	46,856,438
Rental equipment	15,281,352	8,123,965	23,405,317
	\$ 800,603,581	\$ 79,634,047	\$ 880,237,628

As at December 31, 2021, the Trust's ownership interest in receivables by product line and by industry was as follows:

Product Line	Agriculture Construction		Total Portfolio
Dealer floorplan	\$ 534,006,632	\$ 78,431,886	\$ 612,438,518
Parts	30,866,894	2,691,777	33,558,671
Rental equipment	14,301,104	12,999,698	27,300,802
	\$ 579,174,630	\$ 94,123,361	\$ 673,297,991

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (In Canadian Dollars)

There were no credit losses incurred for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021. There were no receivables greater than 30 days delinquent at December 31, 2022 and 2021. In addition, when a receivable is greater than 120 days delinquent, the receivable is not eligible for funding from the Notes, rather, the funding must be provided through the Due to Seller.

As at December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Trust's maximum credit exposure was \$881,577,425 and \$674,036,124, respectively, equal to the total of its assets recorded on the Statements of Net Assets less its restricted cash and cash equivalents.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the possibility that the Trust may be unable to meet all current and future obligations in a timely manner. The Trust is engaged in financing asset-backed securities. The Trust is not exposed to liquidity risk apart from the risk that the Trust will not be able to satisfy its obligations because of exposure to credit risks. The Trust's exposure to liquidity risk is managed primarily through the process of selecting receivables that are expected to generate cash flows sufficient to meet the payment schedule of the Notes. The Trust expects to generate more proceeds than are necessary to fulfill its obligations. In addition, the Trust has access to the cash reserve accounts in case of a shortfall in collections.

INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external reporting purposes in accordance with IFRS. Management of CNH Industrial Capital Canada assessed the design and operating effectiveness of the Trust's internal control over financial reporting as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, and based on that assessment determined that the Trust's internal control over financial reporting the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, which have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Trust's internal control over financial reporting.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Additional information regarding the Trust is available at www.sedar.com.

Independent auditor's report

To the Issuer Trustee of CNH Capital Canada Wholesale Trust

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of **CNH Capital Canada Wholesale Trust** [the "Trust"], which comprise the statements of net assets as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the statements of net income and comprehensive income, statements of changes in net assets and statements of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Trust as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ["IFRS"].

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Trust in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises of Management's Discussion and Analysis.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

We obtained Management's Discussion and Analysis prior to the date of this auditor's report. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact in this auditor's report. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRSs, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Trust's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Trust or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Trust's financial reporting process.



Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
 sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement
 resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery,
 intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Trust's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based
 on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may
 cast significant doubt on the Trust's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material
 uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the
 financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based
 on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions
 may cause the Trust to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Toronto, Canada March 31, 2023

Crost + young LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants



STATEMENTS OF NET ASSETS AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (In Canadian Dollars)

ASSETS	Notes	 2022	 2021
Restricted cash and cash equivalents Accrued interest receivable Ownership interest in receivables		\$ 25,923,332 1,339,797 880,237,628	\$ 19,207,139 738,133 673,297,991
TOTAL		\$ 907,500,757	\$ 693,243,263
LIABILITIES Accrued interest payable Other accrued payables Notes payable Due to Seller Total liabilities	5 7	\$ 946,539 100 400,000,000 506,554,118 907,500,757	\$ 173,669 100 344,000,000 349,069,494 693,243,263
NET ASSETS TOTAL		\$ 907,500,757	\$ 693,243,263

APPROVED BY CNH CAPITAL CANADA WHOLESALE TRUST, by its Administrator, CNH INDUSTRIAL CAPITAL CANADA LTD.

/s/ DOUGLAS MACLEOD

Douglas MacLeod President /s/ CASEY WADE

Casey Wade Controller

STATEMENTS OF NET INCOME AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (In Canadian Dollars)

	Notes	2022	 2021
Interest income		\$ 37,888,062	\$ 32,506,452
Interest expense:			
Interest expense to third parties	5	10,828,822	5,162,664
Interest expense to affiliates	7	 27,052,040	 27,336,588
Total interest expense		37,880,862	32,499,252
Other expenses	7	 6,000	 6,000
Total expenses		 37,886,862	 32,505,252
TOTAL NET INCOME AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		\$ 1,200	\$ 1,200

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (In Canadian Dollars)

	 2022	 2021
NET ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$ 	\$
Net income and comprehensive income for the year	1,200	1,200
Distribution to beneficiary	 (1,200)	 (1,200)
NET ASSETS, END OF YEAR	\$ 	\$

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (In Canadian Dollars)

		2022	2021
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net income and comprehensive income for the year Changes in components of working capital:	\$	1,200	\$ 1,200
Change in accrued interest receivable		(601,664)	278,442
Change in accrued interest and other accrued payables		772,870	 (62,361)
Cash from (used in) operating activities		172,406	 217,281
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Acquisition of ownership interest in receivables	(2,843,223,346)	(2,469,742,978)
Collections on ownership interest in receivables		2,636,283,709	2,473,712,969
Change in restricted cash and cash equivalents		(6,716,193)	 2,994,736
Cash from (used in) investing activities		(213,655,830)	 6,964,727
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from issuance of notes payable and Due to Seller		626,848,871	485,282,965
Payment of notes payable and Due to Seller		(413,364,247)	(492,463,773)
Distribution to beneficiary		(1,200)	 (1,200)
Cash from (used in) financing activities		213,483,424	 (7,182,008)
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Beginning of year			 _
End of year	\$		\$
CASH RECEIVED DURING THE YEAR FOR INTEREST	\$	37,286,398	\$ 32,784,894
CASH PAID DURING THE YEAR FOR INTEREST	\$	37,107,992	\$ 32,561,613

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (In Canadian Dollars)

NOTE 1: NATURE OF OPERATIONS

CNH Capital Canada Wholesale Trust (the "Trust") was established by Computershare Trust Company of Canada by a Declaration of Trust dated April 30, 2004. On October 16, 2019, Canadian Western Trust Company (the "Issuer Trustee") succeeded to Computershare Trust Company of Canada as issuer trustee of the Trust. The indenture trustee pursuant to the master trust indenture dated July 1, 2004, as supplemented from time to time, is Computershare Trust Company of Canada), with its principal office located at 100 University Avenue, 8th Floor, Toronto, Ontario, M5J 2Y1.

The Trust's activities are limited to the securing and administration of wholesale finance receivables originated by CNH Industrial Capital Canada Ltd. ("CNH Industrial Capital Canada", "Administrator", "Servicer" or "Seller") to finance the sale of goods to dealers and distributors of CNH Industrial Canada Ltd. The Trust issues asset-backed notes ("Notes") in Series ("Series") with varying terms to finance the acquisition of the receivables and uses collections on the receivables to pay its obligations.

Pursuant to the Administration Agreement between the Issuer Trustee and the Administrator, and the Sale and Servicing Agreement between the Issuer Trustee and the Servicer, CNH Industrial Capital Canada carries out certain administrative and management activities for and on behalf of the Trust, including the administration, servicing, and collection of the receivables. The Trust pays a nominal fee to CNH Industrial Capital Canada for the performance of the activities and fulfillment of its responsibilities under the Administration Agreement. No fee is payable by the Trust to CNH Industrial Capital Canada for the servicing activities since the receivables are sold to the Trust on a fully-serviced basis. The Trust has no employees.

The Trust's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022 were authorized for issue by CNH Industrial Capital Canada, as Administrator, on March 31, 2023.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board. The financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the Trust's functional currency.

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for restricted cash and cash equivalents, which are measured at fair value.

Classification of Financial Assets and Liabilities

The Trust recognizes financial assets and financial liabilities when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Purchases of financial assets are recognized on the settlement date, which is the date the financial assets are received by the Trust. The Trust derecognizes financial assets when the rights to receive cash flows from the assets have expired or have been transferred and derecognizes the financial liabilities when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or expires.

In accordance with IFRS 9, *Financial Instruments* ("IFRS 9"), financial assets are classified as measured at either amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income or fair value through profit or loss, depending on the business model for managing such financial assets and the asset's contractual cash flow characteristics. Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

Financial assets acquired through a regular way purchase are recognized on the settlement date and, on initial recognition, are measured at fair value, including transaction costs. Subsequent measurement depends on the business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (In Canadian Dollars)

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The following summarizes the classification and measurement of the Trust's financial assets and financial liabilities:

• Restricted cash and cash equivalents are measured at fair value through profit or loss. Due to the short-term nature of this financial instrument, the fair value approximates carrying value. Changes in fair value are recorded in interest income.

• Ownership interest in receivables and accrued interest receivable are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method as they are held for collection of contractual cash flows, where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.

• Financial liabilities consist of notes payable, Due to Seller, accrued interest payable and other accrued payables. These liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents

During 2022 and 2021, the Trust had only restricted cash. Restricted cash includes principal and interest payments received by the Trust that are payable to the investors of the Notes and cash pledged as a credit enhancement to those same investors.

Accrued Interest Receivable

Accrued interest receivable represents the interest income earned on the restricted cash accounts and the ownership interest in receivables during the year and not yet received by the Trust as at December 31.

Ownership Interest in Receivables

Ownership interest in receivables represents secured loans to CNH Industrial Capital Canada, for accounting purposes, secured by wholesale contracts. As such, the Trust accounts for its ownership interest in receivables as a secured loan with the Seller. Principal collections and credit losses reduce the carrying amount of the ownership interest in receivables.

Credit losses are determined monthly by CNH Industrial Capital Canada in accordance with specified criteria. When a recoverable amount becomes impaired as a result of deterioration in credit quality and there is no longer reasonable assurance of timely collection of the full amount of the receivable and any outstanding interest, an impairment charge equal to the difference between the carrying amount and the net realizable amount is recognized in interest expense, offset by a corresponding adjustment to the Due to Seller. Losses incurred in excess of the Due to Seller are absorbed by the Trust.

The credit losses were determined under IFRS 9 and reflect management's estimate of forward-looking expected credit losses. The Trust did not recognize any provisions for credit losses under IFRS 9.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (In Canadian Dollars)

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Due to Seller

The Due to Seller represents the Series-specific overcollateralization amounts funded by CNH Industrial Capital Canada. These amounts are the amounts by which the aggregate principal balance of the receivables, plus the balance of any restricted cash provided by CNH Industrial Capital Canada as a credit enhancement, exceed the aggregate principal balance of the Notes. These interests are subordinated to the Notes issued by the Trust. In addition, the Due to Seller includes the excess spread, which is the monthly excess of all principal and interest collections on the receivables after the Trust's payment obligations are satisfied.

Income Taxes

The Trust is subject to federal and provincial income tax under the *Income Tax Act* (Canada) on the amount of its taxable income for the year and is permitted a deduction in computing its income taxes for all amounts paid or payable to the Trust's beneficiary in determining income for tax purposes. No provision for income taxes has been reflected in these financial statements as the entire net income of the Trust is payable to the beneficiary.

Other Expenses

Other expenses include administration and trustee fees, and other operating expenses, which are recorded on an accrual basis.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and requires management to exercise judgment in the process of applying the Trust's accounting policies. The key areas of estimation include the fair value of the ownership interest in receivables on acquisition and the estimation of credit losses on the ownership interest in receivables. At year-end, the fair value of the Trust's ownership interest in receivables approximates its fair value due to its short-term nature and floating interest rate. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 3: RESTRICTED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Trust held restricted cash and cash equivalents in the following accounts as at December 31, 2022 and 2021:

	 2022	 2021	
Reserve accounts	\$ 18,000,000	\$ 15,480,000	
Collection accounts	7,035,512	3,186,268	
Cash in transit	 887,820	 540,871	
Total restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$ 25,923,332	\$ 19,207,139	

As at December 31, 2022 and 2021, these amounts were maintained in bank balances at an average rate of 4.2% and 0.2%, respectively.

The Servicer is required to collect payments on the ownership interest in receivables and deposit these collections into the Series-specific collection accounts within two business days of receipt from the obligors and processing by the Servicer. These amounts are available to cover payments of principal and interest on the Notes and Due to Seller or any operating expenses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (In Canadian Dollars)

NOTE 3: RESTRICTED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Continued)

The reserve accounts include amounts on deposit, which are available to cover any shortfalls in funds available to meet specific payments for that Series as outlined in the related transaction documents and will not be released until that Series is paid in full.

NOTE 4: OWNERSHIP INTEREST IN RECEIVABLES

The ownership interest in receivables is secured by wholesale contracts that bear interest at the Canadian prime rate plus a spread and have maturities of one year or less.

Concentrations of credit risk exist if a number of counterparties are engaged in similar activities and have similar economic characteristics that may cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic or other conditions. As at December 31, 2022 and 2021, all of the Trust's ownership interest in receivables represents exposure to the agricultural and construction industries.

There were no credit losses incurred for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021. Taking into consideration historic losses and forward-looking macroeconomic factors, credit losses are not expected to exceed the cash reserve accounts. As such, no allowance for credit losses is recorded and the ownership interest in receivables is subject to Stage 1 allowances under IFRS 9.

Receivables are considered past due if the required principal and interest payments have not been received as of the date such payments were due. Delinquency is reported on receivables greater than 30 days past due. There were no receivables greater than 30 days delinquent at December 31, 2022 and 2021.

NOTE 5: NOTES PAYABLE

The Notes bear interest at a commercial paper rate plus a spread as determined at issuance. The payment of principal and interest on the Notes is distributed in accordance with the prioritization outlined in the Sales and Servicing Agreement based on total collections received. As a result, payments of principal on the Notes will vary with the amount of collections and losses, which may reduce the principal to zero prior to the scheduled maturity date.

The Notes are secured by the Trust's Series-specific ownership interest in receivables and other Trust assets. Each Series of Notes benefits from Series-specific enhancement in the form of overcollateralization, excess spread, and amounts deposited in a reserve account.

The following are the outstanding notes payable issued by the Trust as at December 31, 2022:

Notes Description	Principal Amount		Principal Amount Annual Interest Rate	
Series CW2010-1 VFN	\$	400,000000	Cost of funds rate plus 0.83%	December 15, 2024

The following are the outstanding notes payable issued by the Trust as at December 31, 2021:

Notes Description	Principal Amount	Annual Interest Rate	Scheduled Final Payment Date
Series CW2010-1 VFN	\$ 344,000,000	Cost of funds rate plus 0.78%	December 15, 2023

In December 2022, the Trust renewed the Purchase Termination Date under the Note Purchase Agreements with respect to the Trust's Variable Funding Notes ("VFN"), Series CW2010-1 VFN Notes from December 15, 2023 to December 15, 2024.

Interest expense to third parties on the outstanding Notes for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 was \$10,828,822 and \$5,162,664, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (In Canadian Dollars)

NOTE 6: RISK MANAGEMENT AND FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Trust is exposed to the following risks as a result of holding financial instruments: market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Trust's risk management policies are established by CNH Industrial Capital Canada and are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Trust's activities.

Market Risk

Market risk is the possibility that changes in interest rates and foreign exchange rates will adversely affect the Trust's cash flows and/or fair value of the Trust's financial instruments.

Interest rate risk refers to the risk that the fair value or income and future cash flows of a financial instrument will vary as a result of changes in market interest rates. Both the ownership interest in receivables and the Notes are impacted by floating interest rates. Interest rate risk can arise because the pricing bases are not identical and the spread over prime charged to customers is not fixed. Therefore, the differential between the rate earned on the Trust's ownership interest in receivables and paid on the debt can vary. CNH Industrial Capital Canada has the ability to raise rates on the underlying receivables so that CNH Industrial Capital Canada can offset any adverse increase in debt costs with an increase in the underlying receivables' income. However, if CNH Industrial Capital Canada chooses to allow net interest margin to narrow, a 1% increase or decrease applied to the Trust's ownership interest in receivables as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, with no change in the debt rate, would increase or decrease interest income by \$8,802,376 and \$6,732,980, respectively. A 1% increase or decrease in the rate on the Notes outstanding as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, with no change in interest rate of the ownership interest in receivables, would increase or decrease interest expense by \$4,000,000 and \$3,440,000, respectively.

CNH Industrial Capital Canada is required to maintain dealer interest rates at a level such that the amount paid by dealers and CNH Industrial Canada Ltd. equals or exceeds the rate of interest payable to investors of the Notes.

The Trust is not exposed to losses from foreign exchange rates as all of the Trust's transactions were denominated in Canadian dollars.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the possibility of loss resulting from failure by a customer or counterparty to make payments according to contractual terms.

The Trust's ownership interest in receivables results in significant concentrations of credit risk in the agricultural and construction industries in Canada. Numerous factors can affect the future performance of the Trust. These factors include the general level of activity in the agricultural and construction industries, the rate of North American agricultural production and demand, weather conditions, commodity prices, consumer confidence, government subsidies for the agricultural sector and prevailing levels of construction (especially housing starts). The Trust manages this risk through amounts deposited in a cash reserve account and the Due to Seller, which provide the Trust with overcollateralization designed to minimize its credit risk.

As at December 31, 2022, the Trust's ownership interest in receivables by product line and by industry was as follows:

Product Line	Agriculture	Construction	Total Portfolio
Dealer floorplan	\$ 742,331,897	\$ 67,643,976	\$ 809,975,873
Parts	42,990,332	3,866,106	46,856,438
Rental equipment	15,281,352	8,123,965	23,405,317
	\$ 800,603,581	\$ 79,634,047	\$ 880,237,628

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (In Canadian Dollars)

NOTE 6: RISK MANAGEMENT AND FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

As at December 31, 2021, the Trust's ownership interest in receivables by product line and by industry was as follows:

Product Line	Agriculture	Construction	Total Portfolio	
Dealer floorplan	\$ 534,006,632	\$ 78,431,886	\$ 612,438,518	
Parts	30,866,894	2,691,777	33,558,671	
Rental equipment	14,301,104	12,999,698	27,300,802	
	\$ 579,174,630	\$ 94,123,361	\$ 673,297,991	

There were no credit losses incurred for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021. There were no receivables greater than 30 days delinquent at December 31, 2022 and 2021. In addition, when a receivable is greater than 120 days delinquent, the receivable is not eligible for funding from the Notes; rather, the funding must be provided through the Due to Seller.

As at December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Trust's maximum credit exposure was \$881,577,425 and \$674,036,124, respectively, equal to the total of its assets recorded on the Statements of Net Assets less its restricted cash and cash equivalents.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the possibility that the Trust may be unable to meet all current and future obligations in a timely manner. The Trust is engaged in financing asset-backed securities. The Trust is not exposed to liquidity risk apart from the risk that the Trust will not be able to satisfy its obligations because of exposure to credit risk. The Trust's exposure to liquidity risk is managed primarily through the process of selecting receivables that are expected to generate cash flows sufficient to meet the payment schedule of the Notes. The Trust expects to generate more proceeds than are necessary to fulfill its obligations. In addition, the Trust has access to the cash reserve accounts in case of a shortfall in collections.

Measurement of Fair Values and Categorization of Financial Instruments

The fair value of a financial instrument is the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. The Trust determines fair value using available market information or other appropriate valuation methodologies such as discounted cash flow analysis. Fair values using valuation models require the use of assumptions concerning the amount and timing of estimated cash flows and discount rates. In determining those assumptions, the Trust looks primarily to external observable market inputs including factors such as interest yield curves and price or rate volatilities, as applicable.

IFRS requires that all financial instruments measured at fair value be categorized into one of three hierarchy levels for disclosure purposes. Each level is based on the transparency of the inputs used to measure the fair values of assets and liabilities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (In Canadian Dollars)

NOTE 6: RISK MANAGEMENT AND FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

The Trust uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

- *Level 1* Inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Trust can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 2 inputs include quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets; quoted prices in inactive markets for identical or similar instruments; and model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs and significant value drivers are observable in active markets.
- *Level 3* Valuations derived from valuation techniques in which one or more significant inputs or significant value drivers are unobservable.

Determination of fair value and the resulting hierarchy requires the use of observable market data whenever available. The classification of a financial instrument in the hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the measurement of fair value.

The carrying amounts of restricted cash and cash equivalents, accrued interest receivable, accrued interest payable and other accrued payables approximate their fair values, and are classified as Level 1. The carrying amounts of ownership interest in receivables, notes payable and Due to Seller also approximate their fair values due to their short-term nature and floating interest rates, and are classified as Level 2. During the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, there were no transfers between the Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 hierarchy levels.

NOTE 7: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Trust's related party transactions are as follows:

	2022		2021	
Interest expense to affiliate	\$	27,052,040	\$	27,336,588
Other expenses	\$	6,000	\$	6,000

The transactions are in the normal course of operations and are measured at the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties. Interest expense paid to CNH Industrial Capital Canada represents the interest on the residual indebtedness. Other expenses represent the administration fee paid to CNH Industrial Capital Canada.

As at December 31, 2022 and 2021, the amounts Due to Seller were \$506,554,118 and \$349,069,494, respectively.